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History

1901	Hoshiro Mitsunaga establishes Japan Advertising Ltd. and Telegraphic Service Co. (currently known as Dentsu).
1913	Dentsu contributes to the establishment of The Japan Newspaper Publishers & Editors Association.
1951	Dentsu establishes the Radio Division at its Head Office and local offices. Commercial radio broadcasting begins in Japan.
1953	Dentsu establishes the Radio and Television Division at its Head Office and local offices.
	Commercial television broadcasting begins.
1955	The corporate name is changed to Dentsu Inc.
1959	Dentsu establishes the Marketing Department and promotes the introduction of marketing.
	Dentsu establishes its New York Office.
1964	Dentsu contributes to the support of the Tokyo Olympic Games.
1970	Dentsu contributes to the support of Osaka Expo '70.
1974	The US-based magazine Advertising Age ranks Dentsu the No. 1 advertising agency worldwide in terms of billings (calendar 1973).
1980	Dentsu establishes its Beijing Office in China ahead of all other overseas advertising agencies.
1984	Dentsu contributes to the support of the Los Angeles Olympic Games.
	Dentsu and US-based Young & Rubicam jointly establish DYR, an international service network.
1989	Dentsu's net sales exceed one trillion yen in the fiscal year ended March 31, 1989.
1996	Dentsu contributes to the establishment of cyber communications inc. (cci), Japan's first Internet advertising agency.
1997	The animated film Princess Mononoke—a co-production between Dentsu, Tokuma Shoten, and others—becomes a big hit.
1998	Dentsu contributes to the support of the Nagano Winter Olympic Games.
2000	Dentsu establishes the Bcom3 Group with the US-based firms the Leo Group and the MacManus Group.
2001	Dentsu lists its shares on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock. Exchange (TSE: 4324). Dentsu commemorates its 100th anniversary.
2002	Dentsu contributes to the support of the 2002 FIFA World Cup Korea/Japan™.
	The Bcom3 Group merges with the French company Publicis Groupe S.A., and Dentsu acquires capital in the Publicis Groupe.
2004	Dentsu implements a stock split (1:2).
2007	Dentsu's consolidated net sales reach two trillion yen in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007.
2008	Dentsu Holdings USA, Inc. acquires mcgarrybowen, LLC of the United States.
	Dentsu repurchases shares of approximately 60 billion yen.
2009	Dentsu implements a stock split (1:100).
2010	Dentsu establishes Dentsu Digital Holdings.
2012	Dentsu terminates strategic alliance and other agreements with Publicis Groupe S.A. and sells to Publicis a block of the shares of Publicis held by Dentsu.
2013	Dentsu acquires Aegis Group plc and establishes a new global operating unit, Dentsu Aegis Network, in London.
	The Dentsu Group medium-term management plan "Dentsu 2017 and Beyond" was released.
	Dentsu raises funds through a public offering.
2014	Dentsu is appointed as marketing agency by the Tokyo Organising Committee of the Olympic and Paralympic Games.
2015	Dentsu repurchases shares worth approximately 20 billion yen.
	The Dentsu Group medium-term CSR strategy 2020 is released.
2016	Transition from a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board to one with an Audit and Supervisory Committee
	Dentsu Digital Inc. is incorporated.
	Dentsu acquires a majority of shares in Merkle Group, Inc., an independent agency in the United States.
2017	Senior Vice President Toshihiro Yamamoto is appointed as Dentsu's 13th president.
	Dentsu acquires approximately 20.0 billion yen in treasury shares.